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**Şube No** : TBIL-101-01  
**Öğrenci No** : 12213251  
**Bölüm** : Bilgisayar Mühendisliği

Sonsuzda Limitler

**MATEMATİK –I**  
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1.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} f(x) = \pm\infty \Leftrightarrow$  Nasıl tanımlanır?

Tanım =  $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ , üstten sınırlı olmayan bir küme olsun.

$$f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

bir fonksiyon olsun. Eğer her  $B$  sayısı için

$$(x \in X \text{ ve } x > A) \Rightarrow f(x) > B$$

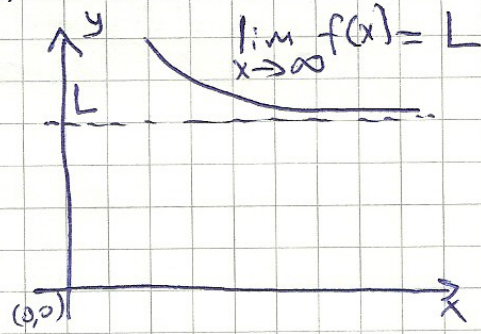
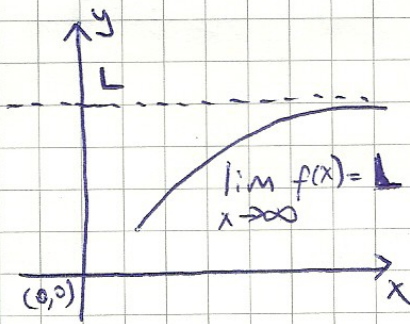
önermesini sağlayan bir  $A$  sayısı varsa, o zaman, "  $x$  sonsuza gittiğinde  $f(x)$  sonsuza iraksar (ya da gider)" denir. Bu durumda,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$$

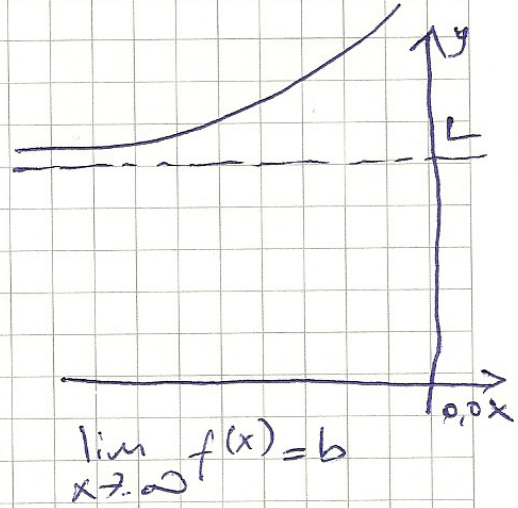
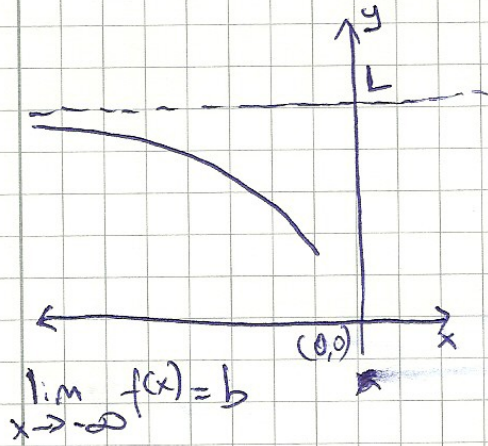
yazarız.

2. Her bir tanıma ilişkin tanımı açıklayan bir RESİM azzınız (grafik vb).

1.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = L \Leftrightarrow$  Her  $\varepsilon > 0$  reel sayısı için öyle bir  $M$  reel sayısı vardır ki her  $x > M$  için  $|f(x) - L| < \varepsilon$  dur.

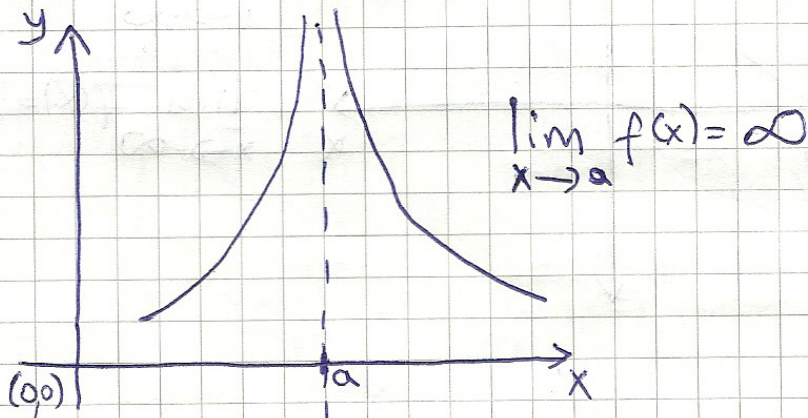


2.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = L \Leftrightarrow$  Her  $\varepsilon > 0$  reel sayısı için öyle bir  $N$  reel sayısı vardır ki her  $x < N$  için  $|f(x) - L| < \varepsilon$  dur.

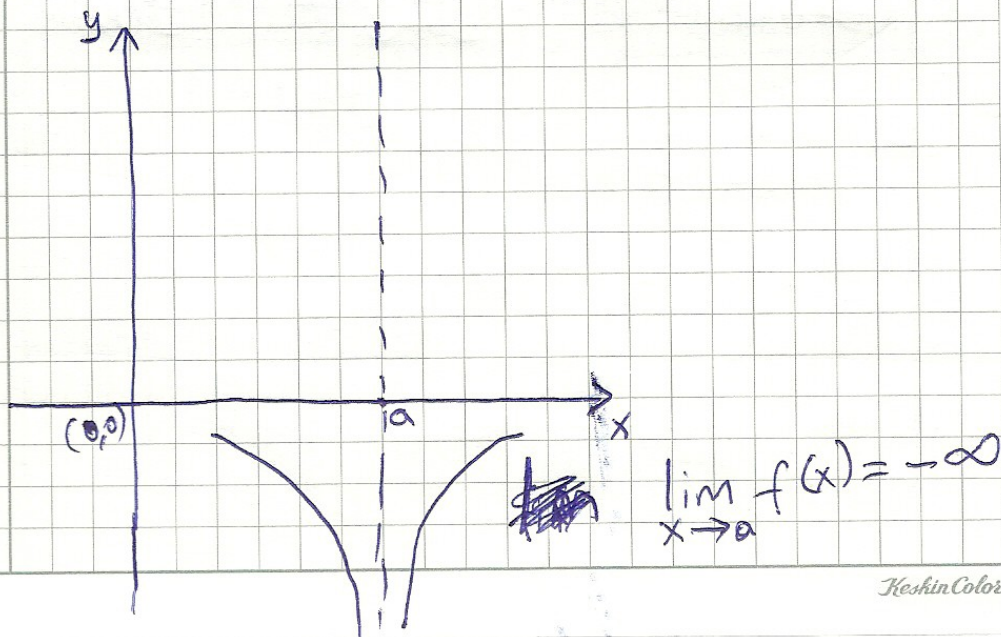


3.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = \infty \Leftrightarrow$  Her  $N > 0$  reel

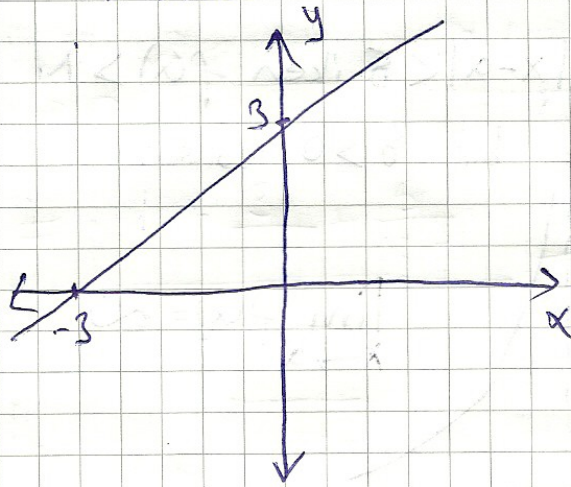
sayısı için  $0 < |x-a| < \delta$  iken  $f(x) > N$   
olacak şekilde bir  $\delta > 0$  vardır.



4.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = -\infty \Leftrightarrow$  Her  $K$  reel  
sayısı için  $0 < |x-a| < \delta$  iken  $f(x) < K$   
olacak şekilde bir  $\delta > 0$  vardır.



$$5. \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} f(x) = \pm\infty$$



$$f(x) = x + 3$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$$

- İkinde sonsuzluk bulunan 10 tane limit  
örneği:

1-  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 - 5}{x^3 + 5}$  limiti?

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 - 5}{x^3 + 5} = \frac{x^2 \left(1 - \frac{5}{x^2}\right)}{x^3 \left(1 + \frac{5}{x^3}\right)} = \frac{\left(1 - \frac{5}{x^2}\right)}{x \left(1 + \frac{5}{x^3}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{\left(1 - \frac{5}{x^2}\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{5}{x^3}\right)} = \frac{1}{\infty} \cdot \frac{\left(1 - \frac{5}{\infty^2}\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{5}{\infty^3}\right)}$$

$$= 0 \cdot \frac{(1-0)}{(1+0)} = 0 \cdot \frac{1}{1} = 0 //$$

2.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 + 3x + 5}{3x + 4}$  limiti?

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 + 3x + 5}{3x + 4} = \frac{x^3 \left(1 + \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{5}{x^3}\right)}{x \left(3 + \frac{4}{x}\right)} = \frac{x^2 \left(1 + \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{5}{x^3}\right)}{\left(3 + \frac{4}{x}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\infty^2 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{3}{\infty^2} + \frac{5}{\infty^3}\right)}{\left(3 + \frac{4}{\infty}\right)} = \frac{\infty^2 \cdot (1+0+0)}{(3+0)} = \infty //$$

$$3. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 + 3x + 5}{3x^3 + 4} \quad \text{limiti?}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 + 3x + 5}{3x^3 + 4} &= \frac{x^3 \left( 1 + \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{5}{x^3} \right)}{x^3 \left( 3 + \frac{4}{x^3} \right)} \\ &= \frac{1 + \frac{3}{\infty^2} + \frac{5}{\infty^3}}{3 + \frac{4}{\infty^3}} = \frac{1 + 0 + 0}{3 + 0} = \frac{1}{3} // \end{aligned}$$

$$4. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{4x^2 + 2}}{3x + 1} \quad \text{limiti?}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{4x^2 + 2}}{3x + 1} = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 \left( 4 + \frac{2}{x^2} \right)}}{x \left( 3 + \frac{1}{x} \right)} = \frac{|x| \cdot \sqrt{4 + \frac{2}{x^2}}}{x \cdot \left( 3 + \frac{1}{x} \right)}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{4 + 0}}{3 + 0} = \frac{2}{3} //$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{4 + 0}}{3 + 0} = -\frac{2}{3} //$$

$$5. \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{1}{5 - x} \quad \text{limit?}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} \frac{1}{5 - x} = \infty //$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} \frac{1}{5 - x} = -\infty //$$

$$6. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} \quad \text{limit?}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty^+} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} &= \frac{\frac{x}{x}}{\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{x}} = \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{x}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{x^2+1}{x^2}}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^2}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+0}} = 1 // \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty^-} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} &= \frac{\frac{x}{x}}{\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{x}} = \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{-x}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^2}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 - \frac{1}{x^2}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-0}} = -1 // \end{aligned}$$

$$7. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^3 - x^2 - 3x) \quad \text{limiti?}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^3 - x^2 - 3x) &= x^3 \left( 1 - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{3}{x^2} \right) \\ &= x^3 \cdot \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\infty} - \frac{3}{\infty^2} \right) = x^3 \cdot (1 - 0 - 0) \\ &= x^3 = \infty // \end{aligned}$$



$$8. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1+2e^x}{1-e^x} \quad \text{limiti?}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1+2 \cdot e^x}{1-e^x} = \frac{e^x \left( \frac{1}{e^x} + 2 \right)}{e^x \left( \frac{1}{e^x} - 1 \right)} = \frac{0+2}{0-1} = -2 //$$

$$9. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1+2e^x}{1-e^x} = \frac{3}{0} = \infty //$$

$$10. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \tan^{-1} x \quad \text{limit?}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty^+} \tan^{-1} x = \frac{\pi}{2} //$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty^-} \tan^{-1} x = -\frac{\pi}{2} //$$

Kaynaklar:

- [http://www.acikders.org.tr/pluginfile.php/480/mod\\_resource/content/0/hafta\\_24.pdf](http://www.acikders.org.tr/pluginfile.php/480/mod_resource/content/0/hafta_24.pdf)

- <http://uzunincebiryolculuk.files.wordpress.com/2009/07/limit-sureklilik-turev.pdf>

- [http://www.cemyildirim.com/maltepe/notlar/2\\_donem/mat2.pdf](http://www.cemyildirim.com/maltepe/notlar/2_donem/mat2.pdf)

- <http://www.sosmath.com/calculus/limcon/limcon04/limcon04.html>

- [http://cims.nyu.edu/~kiry/Calculus/Section\\_1.6--Limits\\_Involving\\_Infinity/Limits\\_Involving\\_Infinity.pdf](http://cims.nyu.edu/~kiry/Calculus/Section_1.6--Limits_Involving_Infinity/Limits_Involving_Infinity.pdf)